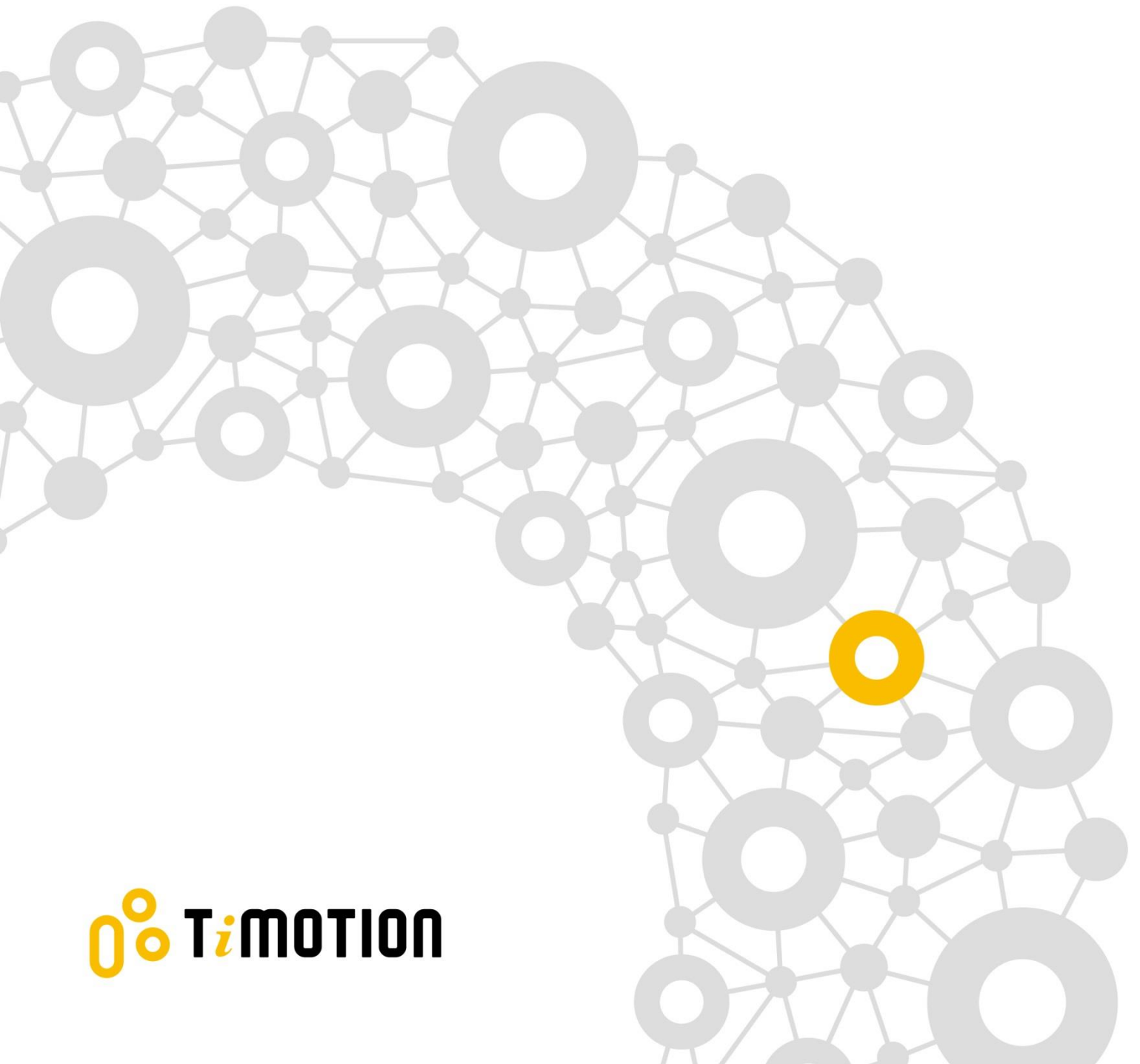


User Manual

MA1_AC Version



Contents

Contents	2
Glossary	3
1. General	4
1.1 About this manual	4
1.2 Target Personnel	4
1.3 Warranty.....	4
1.4 Transport and storage.....	4
1.5 Packaging	5
1.6 Support	5
1.7 Disclaimer	5
1.8 Notification and warnings.....	5
1.8.1 Mounting/dismounting the actuator.....	5
1.8.2 Operation.....	6
1.8.3 Equipment power off	6
1.8.4 Duty cycle.....	6
1.8.5 Temperature.....	6
2. Installation	7
2.1 Mechanical installation.....	7
2.1.1 Mounting notice.....	7
2.1.2 Manual drive operation.....	8
2.2 Electrical installation.....	9
2.2.1 Important notice	9
2.2.2 Cable	10
2.2.3 Inrush current.....	11
2.3 Wiring definition	12
2.3.1 Types of output signal	12
2.3.2 Type A : Without output signal.....	13
2.3.3 Type B : POT for output signal	14
2.3.4 Type C : Single Hall.....	15
2.3.5 Type D : Double Hall.....	16
3. Product specifications	17
3.1 2D drawings.....	17
3.1.1 With mechanical brake (Ball Screw's standard option).....	17
3.1.2 Without mechanical brake	17
3.2 Ordering key.....	18
4. Troubleshooting	19

Glossary

The following terms and acronyms are being used in this manual.

- **Vm+**: The positive pole of power input.
- **Vm-**: The negative pole of power input.
- **RPM**: Number of turns per minute.
- **AWG**: American wiring gauge.
- **LS**: Limit switch installed inside the outer tube.
- **Up LS**: Upper limit switch is installed in fully extended end of stroke.
- **Low LS**: Lower limit switch is installed in fully retracted end of stroke.
- **Mid LS**: Middle limit switch is installed and the position is set by customer's request.
- **N.C.**: It is the pin of limit switch which is normally short circuit and changed to open when the switch is triggered.
- **N.O.**: It is the pin of limit switch which is normal open and changed to short circuit when the switch is triggered.
- **C.**: It is the common pin of limit switch when the circuit is either open or short.
- **Vp**: The reference voltage input to POT signal.
- **Vout**: The POT signal wire output value.

1. General

1.1 About this manual

This user manual is provided to the manufacturer of the equipment or system rather than end users. This manual provides information needed to install, use and maintain the TiMOTION products. Manufacturers are responsible to provide a user guide to the end users using the relevant safety information passed from this manual.

This manual contains installation directions as well as technical data for the TiMOTION industrial electric linear actuators. Carefully read through each section of the user manual before the equipment is unpacked, installed or operated. Please note all the dangers, warnings, cautions and notes stated in this manual. Please follow the instructions provided in this manual to ensure safe reliable operation.

1.2 Target Personnel

Please allow qualified mechanical and electrical professionals perform all installation, maintenance and replacement of the TiMOTION products. Please keep the products away from people who do not have the required experiences or knowledge of the product.

1.3 Warranty

In general, TiMOTION provides a 24-month warranty on Industrial Motion actuators based on the manufacturing date. The warranty is valid only if the equipment is properly operated and maintained correctly. The application of the product is the responsibility of the buyer. TiMOTION makes no representation or warranty as to the suitability of the product for any particular use or purpose.

1.4 Transport and storage

The actuator should only be stored and transported in the original TiMOTION packaging. The temperature during transportation and storage must be between -40 to +85° C (-40 to +185° F). Please avoid shocks to the package. If the package is damaged, check the actuator for visible damage and notify the carrier and TiMOTION.

1.5 Packaging

The sample order packaging contains the product and this manual. For large quantity orders, packaging may vary and TiMOTION reserves the right to change it.

1.6 Support

If any technical support or information is needed for this product, please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer. You can also visit <https://www.TiMOTION.com/en> for the product or contact information.

1.7 Disclaimer

This user manual has been written based on our current technical knowledge. TiMOTION is constantly working on updating the product information. We reserve the right to carry out technical modifications.

1.8 Notification and warnings

1.8.1 Mounting/dismounting the actuator

- ◆ Please read through this user manual before working on the equipment that the actuator is or shall be a part of.
- ◆ Adhere to the information contained in this user manual and on the product label. Never exceed the performance limits stated herein.
- ◆ Be sure the actuator is not in operation.
- ◆ Ensure the actuator is free from loads that could be released during mounting or dismounting.
- ◆ Refrain from unplugging any cables or connectors during operation or with power on.
- ◆ Immediately stop using the actuator if it seems faulty or damaged. Notify your TiMOTION sales engineer so corrective actions can be taken.
- ◆ Never disassemble the actuator, as that will compromise the sealing and could impact the function of the actuator. Disassembly voids warranty.
- ◆ Grease may be present on the extension tube. Contact with the grease is non-hazardous. Please refrain from removing the film.

1.8.2 Operation

- ◆ Be sure the actuator is correctly mounted as indicated in the user instructions.
- ◆ Be sure the equipment can be moved easily over the actuator's whole working area.
- ◆ Be sure the actuator is connected to a main electricity supply/transformer with the correct voltage, specified on the actuator label.
- ◆ Be sure that the connection bolts are secured safely and can withstand the wear.
- ◆ Stop the actuator immediately if anything unusual is observed.
- ◆ Ensure there is no side load present on the actuator.
- ◆ Only use the actuator within the specified working limits.
- ◆ Refrain from having any contact with the actuator.

1.8.3 Equipment power off

- ◆ Switch off the main supply to prevent any unintentional operation.
- ◆ Regularly check for extraordinary wear.

1.8.4 Duty cycle

- ◆ The standard duty cycle is 25%.
- ◆ If the product is customized, please refer to the approval drawings.

1.8.5 Temperature

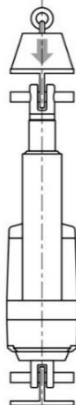
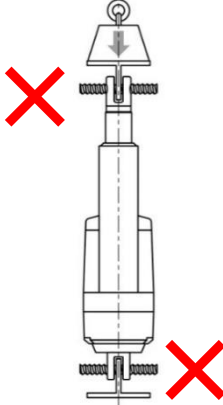
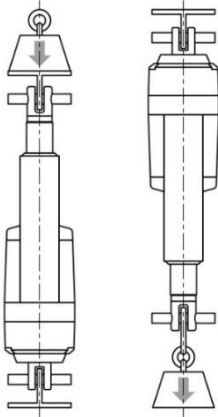
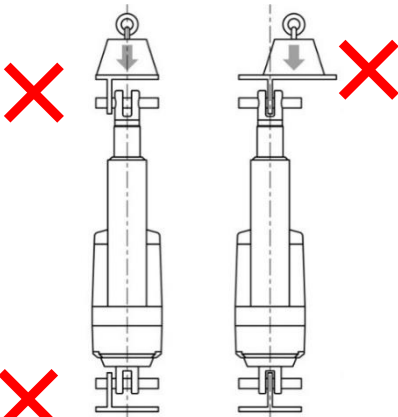
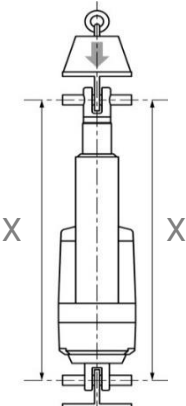
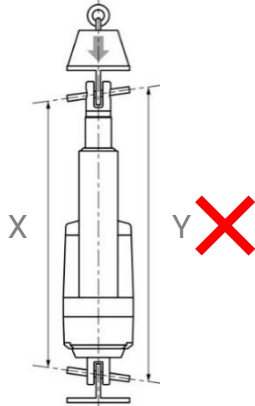
- ◆ The operating temperature range is $-30^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +65^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- ◆ The operational temperature range at full performance is $+5^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +45^{\circ}\text{C}$.

2. Installation

2.1 Mechanical installation

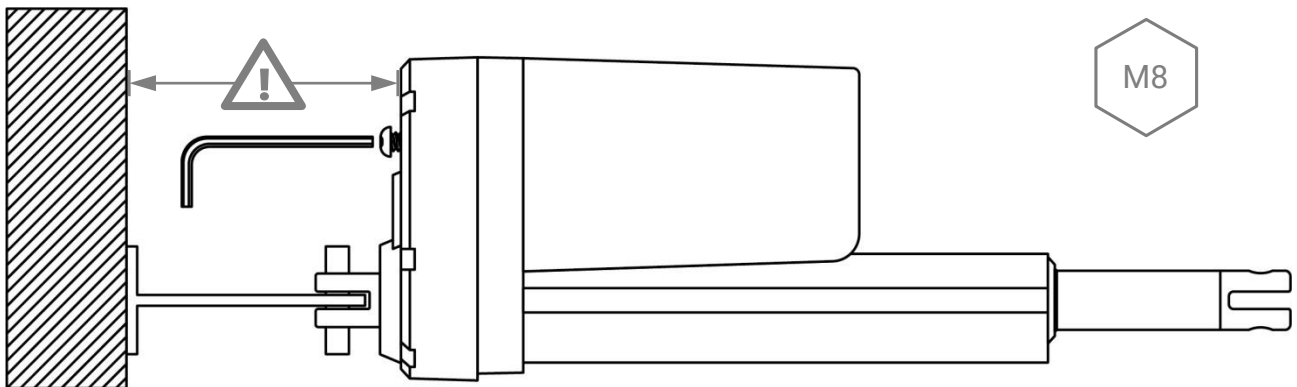
2.1.1 Mounting notice

- ◆ Use solid mounting pins with the proper dimension and support them at both ends.

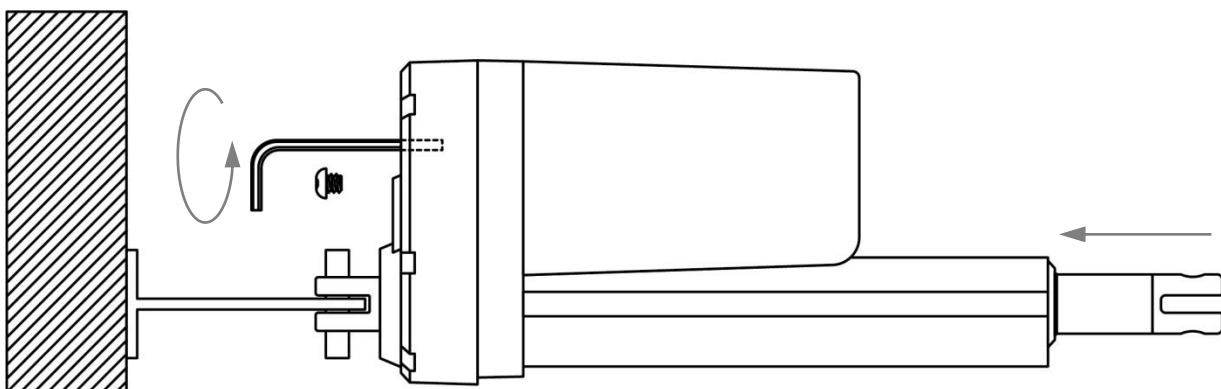
Note	Correct	Wrong
<p>Please mount the actuator with the mounting pins of correct dimension and without threaded at both ends of the attachments.</p>		
<p>Do not mount the actuator with the pins in different rotated angles, this could cause stress on the nut during operation.</p> <p>The load should act along the stroke axis of the actuator from the front attachment, inner tube to the rear attachment. Off center or side loads may cause bending and lead to failure.</p>		
<p>Be sure the mounting pins must be parallel to each other. If the pins are not parallel to each other the actuator might be bend and could be damaged.</p>		

2.1.2 Manual drive operation

- ◆ In case of a power failure a manual hand crank can be used.
- ◆ Before performing, the power supply needs to be disconnected.
- ◆ When mounting the actuator, ensure there is enough space between the rear adapter and any objects. This will allow the user override to be operated.
- ◆ Use M8 Allen key for both the IP protection screw and the manual drive shaft inside.



The torque required to manually move the extension tube is within 1.7 Nm, maximum 65 RPM. Please do not run the outer tube to the end of stroke as that may damage the actuator.



2.2 Electrical installation

2.2.1 Important notice

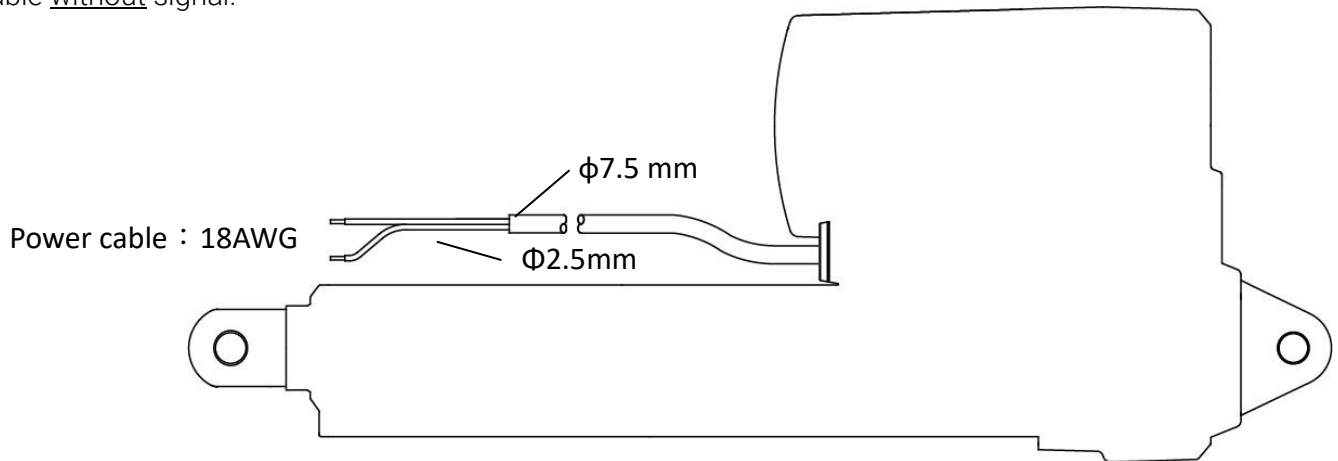
- ◆ Make sure the leads/cables leading to the motor are rated to handle the maximum current.
- ◆ To reduce the chance of a crushing hazard, we recommend an emergency stop.
- ◆ If you are not using soft stop on a DC-motor, a short peak of high voltage will be sent towards the power supply. When selecting the power supply, please ensure it is able to withstand the peak of high voltage.
- ◆ To reduce the chance of interference, refrain from placing signal cables along power cables.
- ◆ Use a two-wire system to prevent ground loop.
- ◆ Please use shielded signal cables with applications that can be sensitive or if there is interference risk.
- ◆ Please note, using long cables in combination with small lead cross sections and low voltages could lead to a malfunction due to voltage drop.
- ◆ Use spark protection on relays and other coil operated devices.
- ◆ Please be sure the power to the actuator is off before working on the actuator and the wiring.

2.2.2 Cable

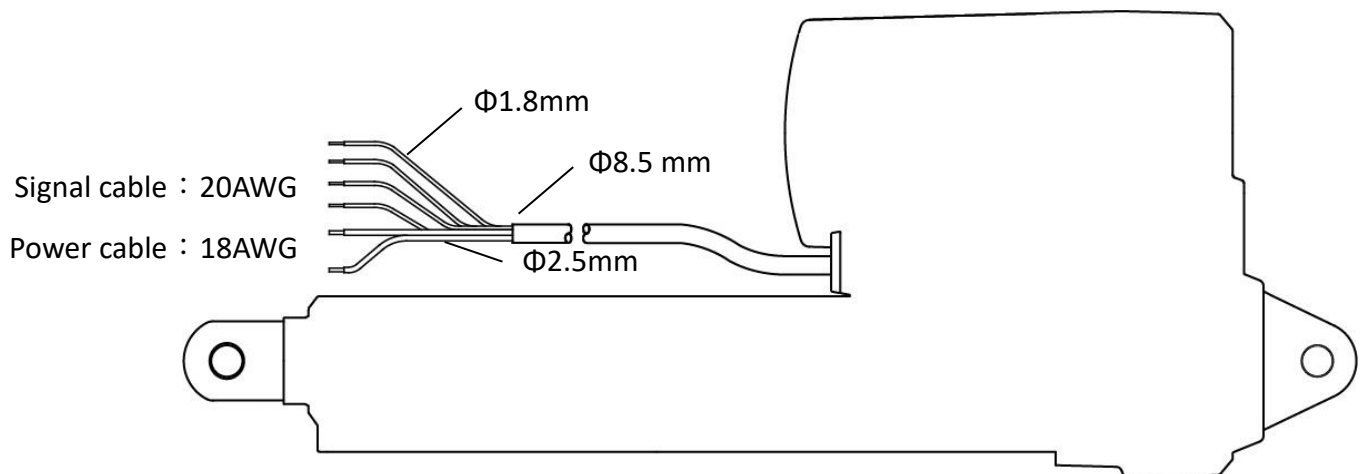
The actuator is supplied with a power cable (with/without signal wire). The standard cable, for industrial applications, has/have flying leads in the end for the user's equipment connections.

*Please refer to the approval drawing of any customized cable/connector.

Cable without signal:



Cable with signal:



2.2.3 Inrush current

When the actuator starts to work, there is an inrush current to the motor that will be less than 0.2 seconds (up to four times the rated current).

Please select a power supply that is able to withstand the inrush current. Also, all contacts, including switches and relays, should be selected with caution.

2.3 Wiring definition

Below shows the standard wiring definition of the actuator. If your actuator is ordered with customized wiring, please contact TiMOTION sales for detail information.

2.3.1 Types of output signal

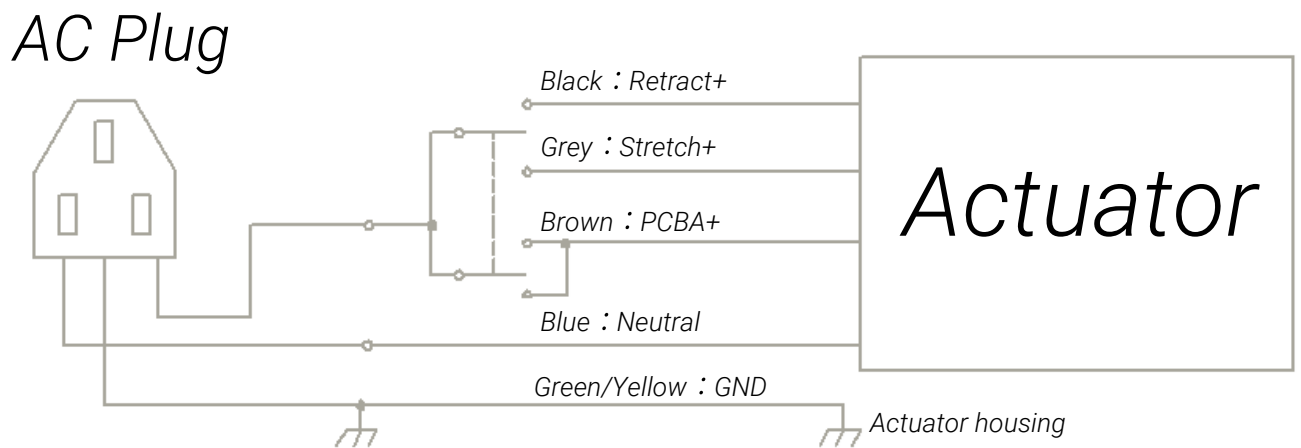
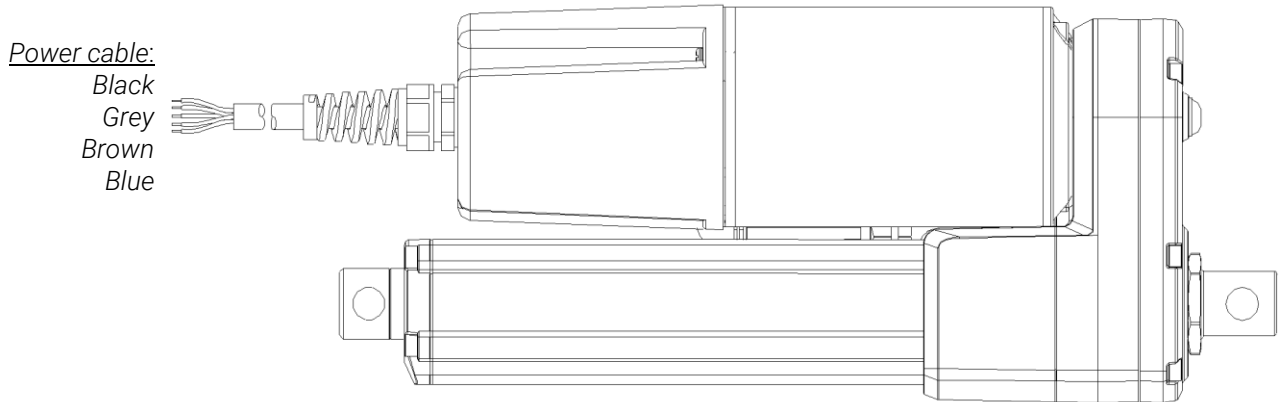
In general, the MA1-AC cable can have a maximum of 9 pins– (5 power wire pins and/or up to 4 signal wire pins)

Type	Output signal	Chapter
A	Without	2.3.2
B	POT	2.3.3
C	Single Hall	2.3.4
D	Double Hall	2.3.5

2.3.2 Type A : Without output signal

a. Power source :
100-240V AC power source

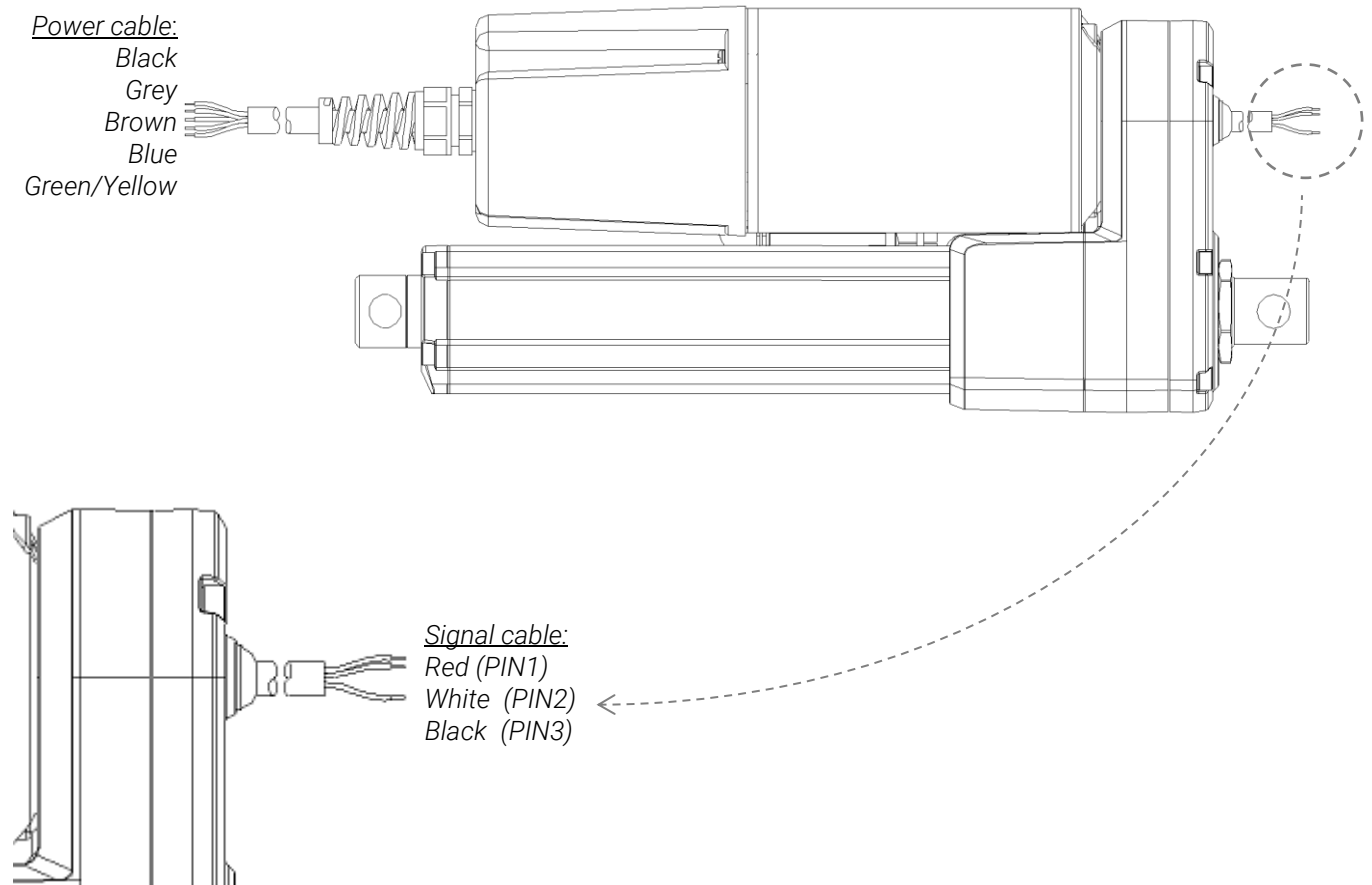
b. Wiring illustration :



2.3.3 Type B : POT for output signal

- a. Power source :
100-240V AC power source

- b. Wiring illustration :
Power cable illustration is as the same as 2.3.2
Signal cable illustration is as below

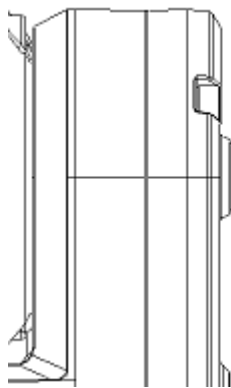
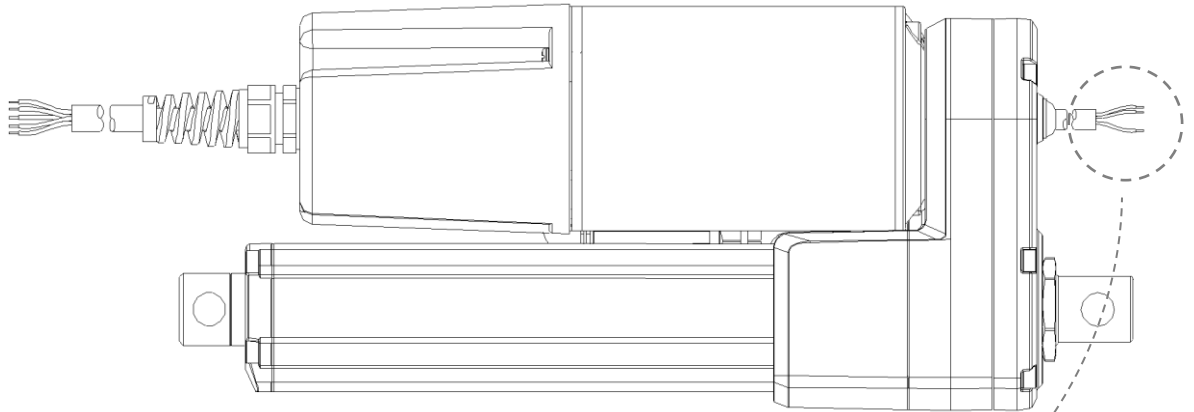


2.3.4 Type C : Single Hall

- a. Power source :
100-240V AC power source
- b. Wiring illustration :
Power cable illustration is as the same as 2.3.2
Signal cable illustration is as below

Power cable:

Black
Grey
Brown
Blue
Green/Yellow

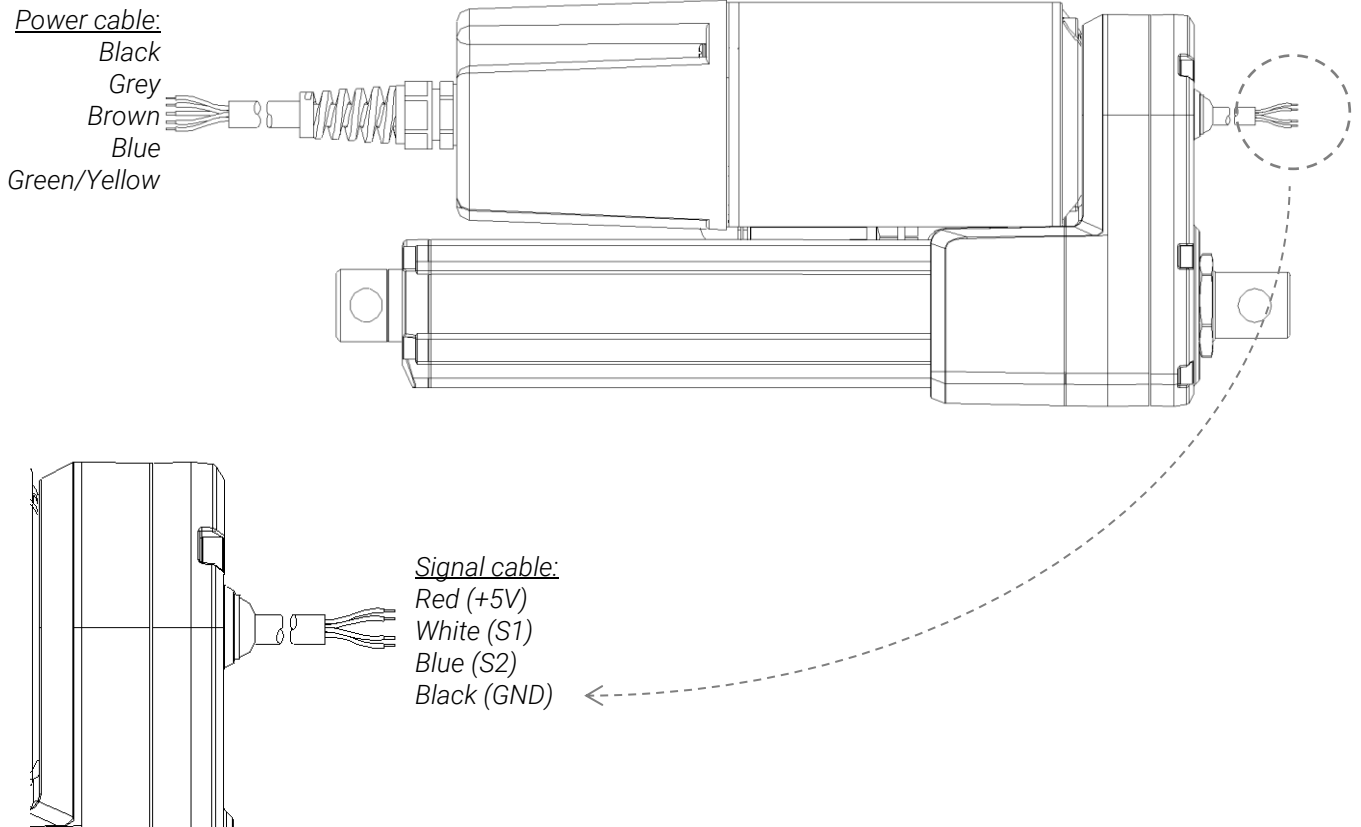


Signal cable:

Red (+5V)
White (S1)
Black (GND)

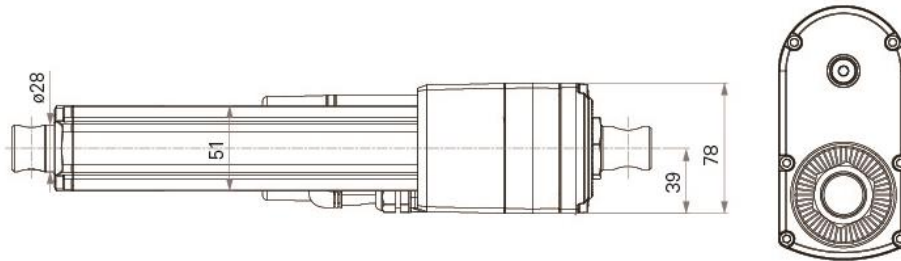
2.3.5 Type D : Double Hall

- a. Power source :
100-240V AC power source
- b. Wiring illustration :
Power cable illustration is as the same as 2.3.2
Signal cable illustration is as below

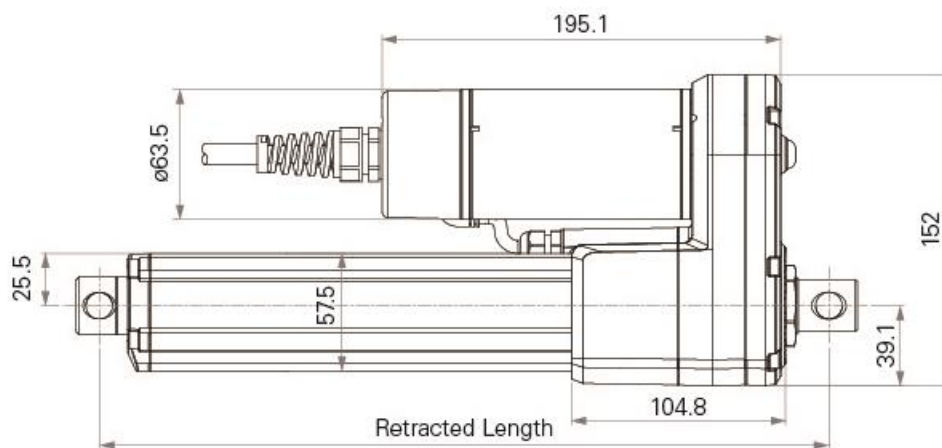


3. Product specifications

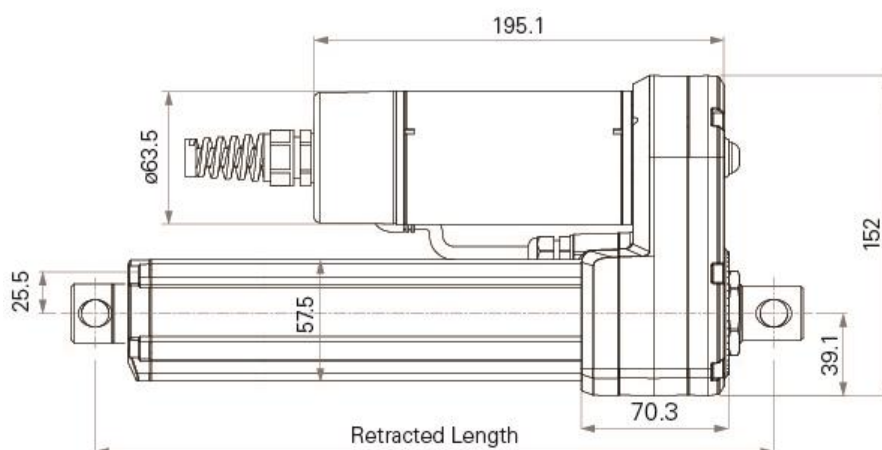
3.1 2D drawings



3.1.1 With mechanical brake (Ball Screw's standard option)



3.1.2 Without mechanical brake



3.2 Ordering key

*Please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer for the latest revision ordering key.

MA1

Version: 20180831-C



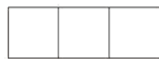
Spindle Type	A = ACME Screw	B = BALL Screw
---------------------	----------------	----------------



Voltage	1 = 12V DC	3 = 36V DC	5 = 220V AC 50Hz
	2 = 24V DC	4 = 110V AC 60Hz	



Load and Speed	See page 2	See page 3
-----------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------



Stroke (mm)	
--------------------	--



Retracted Length (mm)	See page 2
------------------------------	----------------------------



Rear Attachment (mm)	1 = #45 Steel CNC, without slot, hole 13
-----------------------------	--

[See page 14](#)


Front Attachment (mm)	1 = #45 Steel CNC, without slot, hole 13
------------------------------	--

[See page 14](#)


Direction of Rear Attachment (Counterclockwise)	1 = 90° (Standard)	2 = 0°
--	--------------------	--------

[See page 14](#)


Functions for Limit Switches	0 = Without (Needs to choose overload clutch)
	1 = Two switches at full retracted/extended positions to cut current
	2 = Two switches at full retracted/extended positions to send signal

[See page 15](#)


Overload Clutch	0 = Without	1 = With (Standard)
------------------------	-------------	---------------------



Mechanical Brake	0 = Without	1 = With (Ball Screw's standard option)
-------------------------	-------------	---

[See page 14](#)


Electromagnetic Brake	0 = Without (Standard)	1 = With
------------------------------	------------------------	----------

[See page 15](#)


IP Rating	6 = IP66D	8 = IP69K
------------------	-----------	-----------



Manual Drive	0 = Without	1 = With
---------------------	-------------	----------



Output Signals	0 = Without	1 = POT	5 = Hall sensors*2
-----------------------	-------------	---------	--------------------

[See page 13](#)


Connector	1 = Tinned leads
------------------	------------------



Cable Length (mm)	1 = Straight, 500
--------------------------	-------------------

4. Troubleshooting

Please find the table which lists the symptoms, possible cause and recommend action.

If the problem could not be solved, please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer.

Symptom	Possible cause	Action
Motor runs but spindle does not move	Gearing system or spindle damaged	Please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer.
No motor sound or movement	The actuator is not properly connected to the power supply	Check the connection to the power supply or the external control unit
	Customer fuse burned	Check the fuse
	Cable damaged	Please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer.
Excessive power consumption	Misalignment or overload in the application	Align or reduce the load Try running the actuator without load
Actuator cannot lift full load or motor runs too slowly	Insufficient power supply	Check the power supply is properly plugged in
	Load is higher than specified	Reduce the load
No signal or incorrect feedback output	Cable damaged	Please contact your TiMOTION sales engineer.
	Wrongly connected	Check the wiring
	Signal is constantly high/low	Run the actuator to full extension and retraction
		Reconnect the cables and set parallel configuration again